# HYDROSTATIC STEERING UNIT TYPE HKU.../4PB -



The hydrostatic steering unit is available for steering of medium and large sized transport vehicles such as building and agricultural machines.

HKU.../4PB works as standard steering unit with auxiliary port designed for flow providing additional vehicles functions. When the steering wheel is not turned, the flow will be delivered to port PB. After the steering wheel has been turned a part of the flow will be deviated to the steering unit and the flow through port PB will be inconstant.

It is not recommended to use this unit in systems with auxiliary functions during the vehicle steering.

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"Open Center - Non Load Reaction" HKU.../4PB - Power Beyond

Parameters		Туре					
		HKU	нки	HKU	HKU	HKU	HKU
		40/4PB	50/4PB	63/4PB	80/4PB	100/4PB	125/4PB
Displacement	cm³/rev	39,6	49,5	65,6	79,2	99,0	123,8
	[in <sup>3</sup> /rev]	[2.42]	[3.0]	[4.0]	[4.83]	[6.04]	[7.56]
Rated Flow-5 Port	lpm	15					
(Power Beyond)	[GPM]	[3.96]					
Rated Pressure	bar	125					
	[PSI]	[1813]					
Max. Pressure	bar	125					
in line PB,	[PSI]	[1813]					
Max. Cont. Pressure bar		10					
in Line T	[PSI]	[145]					
Max. Torque at	Nm	2,8					
Servoamplifying	[lb-in]	[25]					
Max. Torque w/o	Nm	135					
Servoamplifying	[lb-in]	[1195]					
Weight	kg	5,3	5,4	5,5	5,6	5,7	5,8
	[lb]	[11.7]	[11.9]	[12.2]	[12.4]	[12.6]	[12.8]
Dimension A	mm	130,8	132,2	133,9	136,2	138,8	142,2
	[in]	[5.15]	[5.20]	[5.27]	[5.36]	[5.47]	[5.60]

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# **SPECIFICATION DATA**





# DIMENSIONS AND MOUNTING DATA





c od e	Ports - P, T, R, L, PB Thread	Column Mounting Thread - B	Valve Mounting Thread - V
-	G3/8	4 x M10	2 x M10x1
	17 [.67] depth	18 [.71] depth	16 [.63] depth
Α	9/16 - 18 UNF	4x 3/8 - 16 UNC	2 x 3/8 - 24 UNF
	O-ring 17 [.67] depth	15,7 [.62] depth	14,2 [.56] depth

# ORDER CODE for HKU.../4PB

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Version 4 "Open Center - Non Load Reactior with 5 ports (Power Beyond)

#### Pos.3 - Ports

- omit BSPP (ISO 228)
- A SAE (ANSI B 1.1 1982)

#### Pos.4 - Option (Paint)\*

- omit No Paint
- P Painted
- PC Corrosion Protected Paint
- PS Special Paint\*\*
- PCS Special Corrosion Protected Paint\*\*
- Pos.5 Design Series
- omit Factory specified

#### NOTES:

\* Colour at customer's request.

\*\* Non painted feeding surfaces, colour at customer's request.

The steering units are mangano-phosphatized as standard.



# **GENERAL APPLICATION AND SPECIFICATION INFORMATION**

#### APPLICATION

(SIZING AND STEERING SYSTEM DESIGN PROCESS)

#### STEP ONE:

Calculate approximate kingpin torque (M<sub>L</sub>).

$$M_{L} = G \cdot \mu \sqrt{\frac{B^{2}}{8} + \ell^{2}}$$

Note: Double M<sub>L</sub> if steered wheels are powered.

M<sub>L</sub>= Kingpintorque in daNm [*lb-in*].

- G = Vehicle weight on steered axle daN [*lbs*] (use maximum estimated overload weight).
- μ = Coefficient of friction (use Chart № 1, dimensionless ) determined by ℓ/B (see Diagram № 1).
- B = Nominal width of tyre print, m[in] (see Diagram No 1).

l = Kingpin offset. The distance between tyre centerline intersection at ground and kingpins centerline intersection at ground in, m [*in*] (see DiagramNº1).

#### Chart № 1



Rubber tyres on dry concrete.

#### Diagram № 1



Diagram № 2



STEP TWO: Calculate approximate cylinder; force-area-strokevolume.

FORCE

$$F = \frac{M_L}{r}$$

F = Force required daN [*lbs*] to steer axle.

- $M_L$  = Kingpin torque in daNm [*lb-in*] from step one. Double  $M_L$  if steered wheels are powered.
- r = Effective radius Arm mm [*in*] is the minimum distance from the centerline of the cylinders minimum and maximum stroke points parallel to the kingpin center pivot. This is not the physical length of the radius Arm (see Diagram № 2 and Chart № 2).

#### Chart № 2



#### STROKE

H = Stroke, cm [*in*].

Calculate stroke of cylinder using Diagram № 2 and Chart № 2 as shaft.

H =2 
$$r_{max.}$$
 . sin  $\frac{\gamma}{2}$ 

AREA

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A = Cylinder area for axle cylinder set,  $cm^{2}[in^{2}]$ .

 $A = \frac{F}{AP}$ 

- F = Force required from step two force formula, daN [/bs].
- △P = Hydraulic pressure bar [*PSI*] use following percentage of relief valve setting by amount of load on steered axle. Severe load 25% - medium load 55% - no load 75%.



#### DIAMETER

After the cylinder set area is determined, the cylinder diameter can be calculated.

- D = Inside diameter of cylinder, cm [*in*].
- d = Road diameter of cylinder, cm [*in*].

Choose type of cylinder arrangement and formula shown for that type.





**Cross Connected** 

 $D = \sqrt{\frac{2A}{\pi} + \frac{d^2}{2}}$ 

Note:  $\left(\frac{d}{D}\right)^2 \le 0,15$ 

Balanced Cylinder





VOLUME V=H.A

V = Volume. The total amount of oil required to move the cylinder rod(s) through the entire stroke,  $cm^{3}[in^{3}]$ .

H = Stroke, cm [in].

A=Area,  $cm^2[in^2]$ .

**Note:** For differential cylinders it is important to calculate average cylinder volume for step three using below formula.

$$V_{avg.} = H \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} (2.D^2 - d^2)$$

# STEP THREE:

# Selecting displacement of hydrostatic steering unit.

At this point determine number of steering wheel revolutions desired for your application to steer the wheels from one side to the other (lock to lock). Depending on the type of vehicle and its use, this will vary from 3 to 5 turns.

**DISPLACEMENT** 
$$V_{D} = \frac{V}{n}$$

 $V_D$  = Displacement, cm<sup>3</sup>/rev [*in*<sup>3</sup>/*rev*]. V = Volume of oil, cm<sup>3</sup> [*in*<sup>3</sup>]. n = Steering wheel turns lock to lock.

After completing the above displacement calculation, choose the <u>closest standard</u> hydrostatic steering unit in displacement size that incorporates circuity you require. Recalculate the number of steering wheel turns using the displacement of selected standard hydrostatic steering unit outlined above. Use the formula shown below.

$$n = \frac{V}{V_{D}}$$

V = Volume of oil,  $cm^{3}[in^{3}]$ .

n = Steering wheel turns lock to lock.

**Note:** For differential cylinders applications the cylinder volume will be different for left and right turns - this means the value *n* (steering wheel turns lock to lock) will vary when turning to the left or right.

# STEP FOUR:

Calculate approximate minimum and maximum steering circuit flow requirements.

$$Q = \frac{V_D \cdot N}{\frac{\text{Unit Conversion for}}{\text{Imperial or [1000] Metric}}}$$

Q = Steering circuit flow, Ipm [*GPM*].

 $V_{\rm D}$  = Unit displacement, cm<sup>3</sup>/rev [*in*<sup>3</sup>/*rev*]

N = Steering wheel input speed, RPM.

Recommended steering speed is 50 to 100 RPM.

Many variables are involved in sizing the pump. We suggest that the manufacturer should test and evaluate for the desired performance.

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

# FLUID DATA:

To insure maximum performance and life of the Hydrostatic steering units, use premium quality hydraulic oils. Fluids with effective quantities of anti-wear agents or additives are highly recommended. If using synthetic fluids consult the factory for alternative seal materials.

# • Viscosity

Viscosity at normal operating temperature should be approx. 20 mm<sup>2</sup>/s [100 SUS]. Viscosity range 10 - 300 mm<sup>2</sup>/s [60 - 1500 SUS].

# Temperature

Normal operating temperature range from  $+30^{\circ}C$  [ $+85^{\circ}F$ ] to  $+60^{\circ}C$  [ $140^{\circ}F$ ].

Minimum operating temperature  $-40^{\circ}$ C [-40°F].

Maximum operating temperature +80°C [+176°F].

**Note:** Extended periods of operation at temperature of 60°C and above will greatly reduce the life of the oil due to oxidation and will shorten the life of the product.





#### Filtration

The maximum degree of contamination per ISO 4406 or All hydrostatic steering units should be installed for ease of CETOP RP is:

- -20/17 open center units
- 19/16 closed center and load sensing
- -16/12 priority valves

Return line filtration of  $25 \,\mu m$  nominal (40 - 50  $\mu m$  absolute) or finer is recommended.

In extremely dusty conditions filtration of 10  $\mu m$  absolute should be used.

#### **START UP**

All air must be purged from system before operating unit. It is extremely important that any external lines or units with load sensing or priority feature be completely bled. Lines going to and from cylinders as well as lines to and from pump be purged of all air. It is recommended that a 10-15  $\mu m$  filter be used between pump and steering unit before start up.

#### **MOUNTING UNITS**

access. It is recommended that the steering unit be located outside the vehicle cabin.

It is important that no radial axial load be applied to the hydrostatic steering unit input shaft. Some or all radial and axial loads must be absorbed by the steering column or other operating devices supplied by the vehicle manufacturer.

Ports on the steering cylinder(s) should face upward to prevent damage.

During installation of the hydrostatic steering unit, cleanliness is of the utmost importance. Pipe plugs should be left in place during mounting and only removed when hydraulic lines are to be connected.

# CONVERSIONS

# to convert inches and millimeters:

1 in = 25,4 mm

1 mm = .03973 in to convert gallons per minute and

liters per minute:

1 lpm = .2642 GPM

#### to convert pounds per square inch and bar: 1 PSI = 0,0689 bar

1 bar =14.51 PSI

# to convert pounds-inch and newton-meters:

1 lb-in = 0.113 Nm 1 Nm = 8.85 lb-in

1 GPM = 3,785 lpm

# TORQUE TIGHTENING VALUES

#### Fluid connections Max. tightening torque daNm [lb-in] Fluid connection metal copper aluminum O - ring edge washer washer 4,0 [350] 3,5 [309] 3,5 [309] G 1/4 7,0 [620] 4,5 [398] 5,0 [442] G 3/8 10,0 [885] 5,5 [486] 8,0 [708] G 1/2 9,0 [796] 13,0 [1150] G 3/4 18,0 [1593] 4,0 [350] 2,0 [180] 3,0 [265] M 10 x 1 M 18 x 1,5 8,0 [708] 5,5 [486] 7,0 [620] M 22 x 1,5 10,0 [885] 8,0 [708] 6,5 [575] 7/16 - 20 UNF 2,0 [180] 9/16 - 18 UNF 5,0 [442] 6,0 [531] 3/4 - 16 UNF 9,0 [796] 7/8 - 14 UNF 1 1/16 - 12 UN 12,0 [1062]

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# Mounting bolts

Mounting bolts	Tightening torque daNm [lb - in]			
3/8 - 16 UNC	3,0 ± 0,5 [230 ÷ 310]			
M 10 x 1	6,5 ± 0,5 [540 ÷ 620]			
M 10	3,0 ± 0,5 [230 ÷ 310]			

